

U. S. PUBLIC LAND SURVEY MONUMENT RECORD

INSTRUCTIONS

This record shall show the location of the corner and shall include all of the following nine elements (a through i).

(a) Identify the corner by reference to the U.S. public land survey system.

O - Corner monument restored.

West Meander Corner, Section 6 and Section 31, T.35N., R.14E.

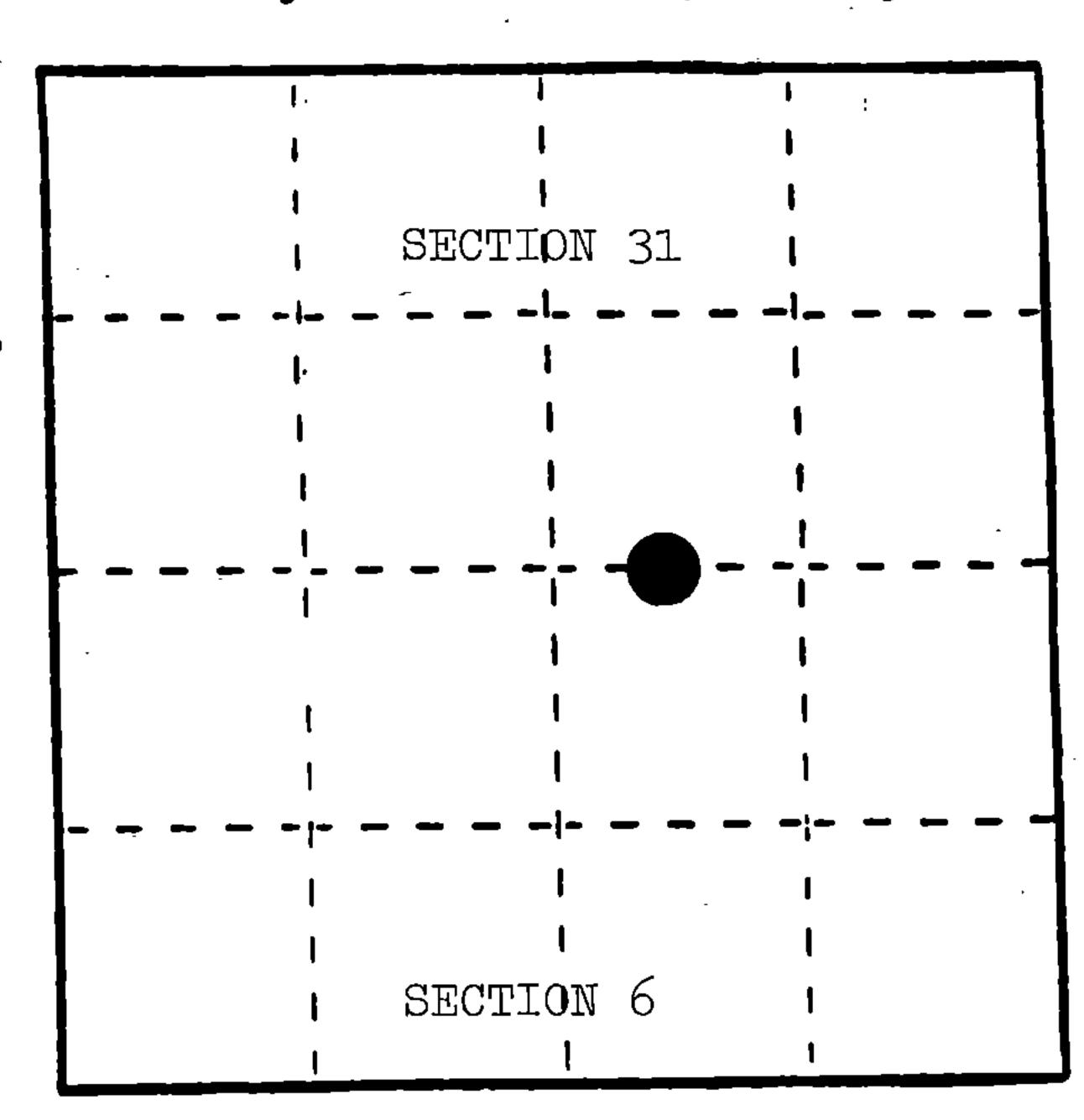
REGISTER'S OFFICE
Forest County, Wis.

Received for record this day
of Octaver A.D., 19.80 at

1.25 o'clock P. M. and recorded
in Vol. CORNER RESTORATIONS

Page A.3.

Register of Deeds



(b) Describe any record evidence, monument evidence, occupational evidence, testimonial evidence or any other material evidence you considered, and whether the monument was found or placed.

In 1857, Alfred Millard set wood post with the following BTs: Cedar, 10", N.70°W., 14 links; Cedar, 10", N.4°E., 27 links.

In 1946, the G.L.O. set a 6" x 24" concrete monument with the following BTs: Yellow Birch, 12", S. $77\frac{1}{2}$ °W., 293 links; Cedar, 10", N.33 3/4°W., 101 links; Wilderness Resort Lodge, South, 90 links.

In 1962, Victor Hedman found the monument under surface of blacktop and noted that the brass cap was broken off and 1" pipe in center was bent over. The following references were made: Cedar, 10", N.49°09'W., 80.1 feet; Cedar, 18", N.89°06'W., 273.1 feet; (1946 BT) Yellow Birch, 14", S.76°39'W., 193.0 feet; Power Pole 3514-31R2, N40-45-30E, 421.3 feet, northwest corner lodge, S.54°43'W., 86.8 feet, northeast corner lodge, S.11°10'W., 66.7 feet.

In 1986, the corner and a 20" Cedar snag, West, 273.1 feet were found and references made.

- (c) In the plan view drawing below, provide reference ties to at least 4 witness monuments, or, if the location is within a municipality, to at least 2 witness monuments. (Witness monuments shall be made of concrete, natural stone, iron or other equally durable material.)

 Describe witness monuments.
- (d) Show a plan view drawing depicting the relevant monuments and reference ties which is sufficient in detail to enable accurate relocation of the corner monument if the corner monument is disturbed. Indicate north.

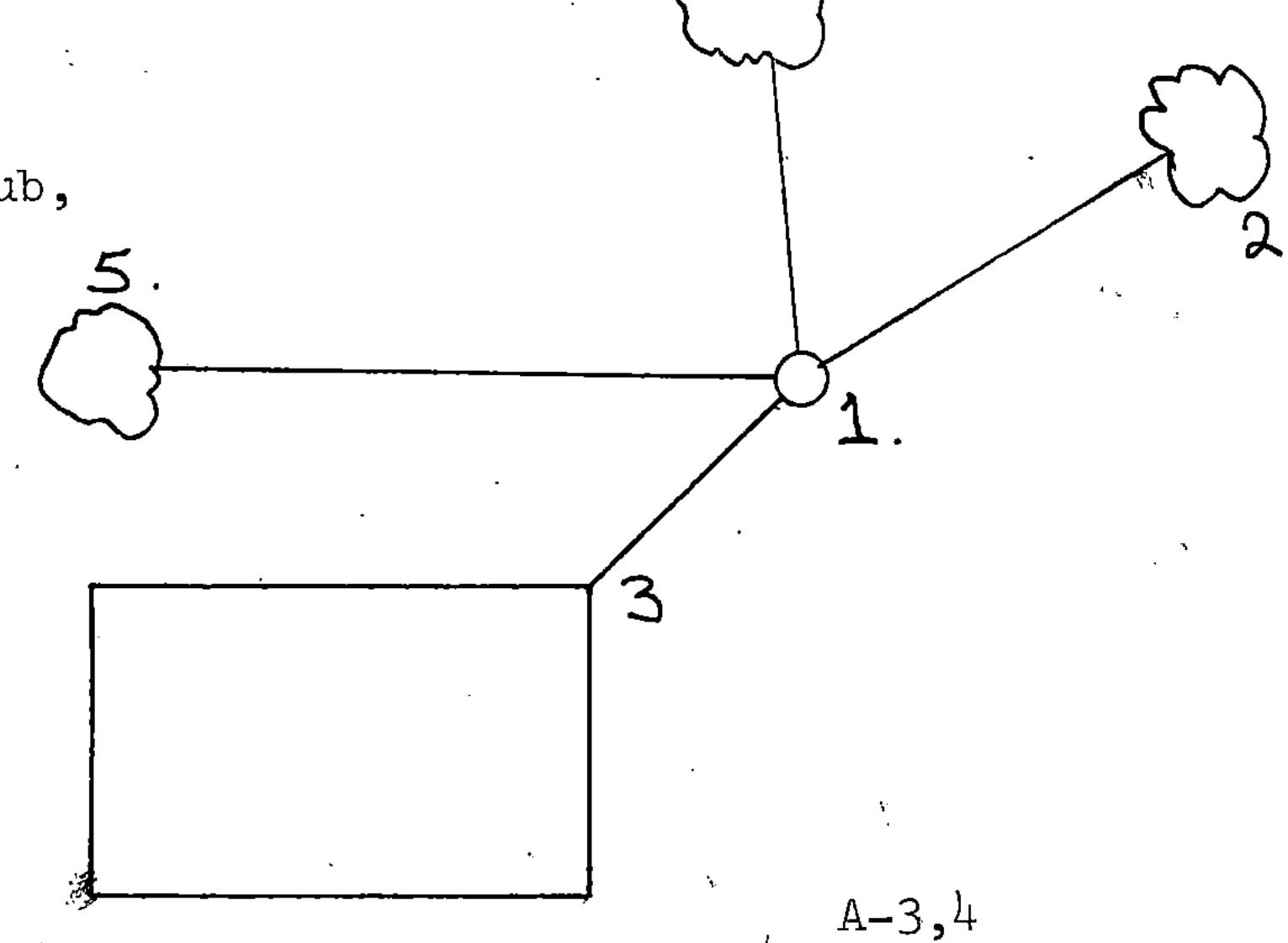
1. 1" iron pipe 5" below surface of road.

2. Red Pine, 6", N.63°E., 122.54 feet

3. Northeast corner of Wild Rose Supper Club, S.52°W., 87.19 feet

4. Double Oak, 13", N.14°W., 81.78 feet

5. Cedar snag, 20", West, 273.1 feet



Book:1, Pages 9-12

Describe any material discrepancy between the location of the corner as restored or reestablished and the location of that corner as previously restored or reestablished by distance and direction. Show the discrepancy on the plan view drawing under (d), above. Show the distances between the corner as previously restored or reestablished and (1) the corner as restored or reestablished, and (2) to at least 2 of the vitness monuments shown on the drawing in (d), above.

None.

- (f) was the corner restored through acceptance of (1) an obliterated evidence location, or, (2) a found perpetuated location?
- (2) a found perpetuated location.
- (gen) was the corner reestablished through lost corner proportionate methods? If so, show the method, including the directions and distances to other public land survey corners used as evidence or used for proportioning in determining the corner location?

No.

Alan D. Harrison

type or print name) certify that the corner location shown on this record was determined by me or under my direction and control and that this U.S. Public Land Survey Monument Record Is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature Brusangia

9/11/86

Affix Land Surveyor Seal

CONS

ALAN D.

HARRISON

S-1651

WABENO

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SURVEYOR SEARCH OF COMMENTS

SURVEY OF COMMENTS