## 138171

## U. S. PUBLIC LAND SURVEY MONUMENT RECORD.

INSTRUCTIONS

This record shall show the location of the corner and shall include all of the following nine elements (a through 1).

- (a) Identify the corner by reference to the U.S. public land survey system.
  - Corner monument restored.

Section Corner to Sections 5, 6, 7 & 8, T35N, R15E, 4th P.M.

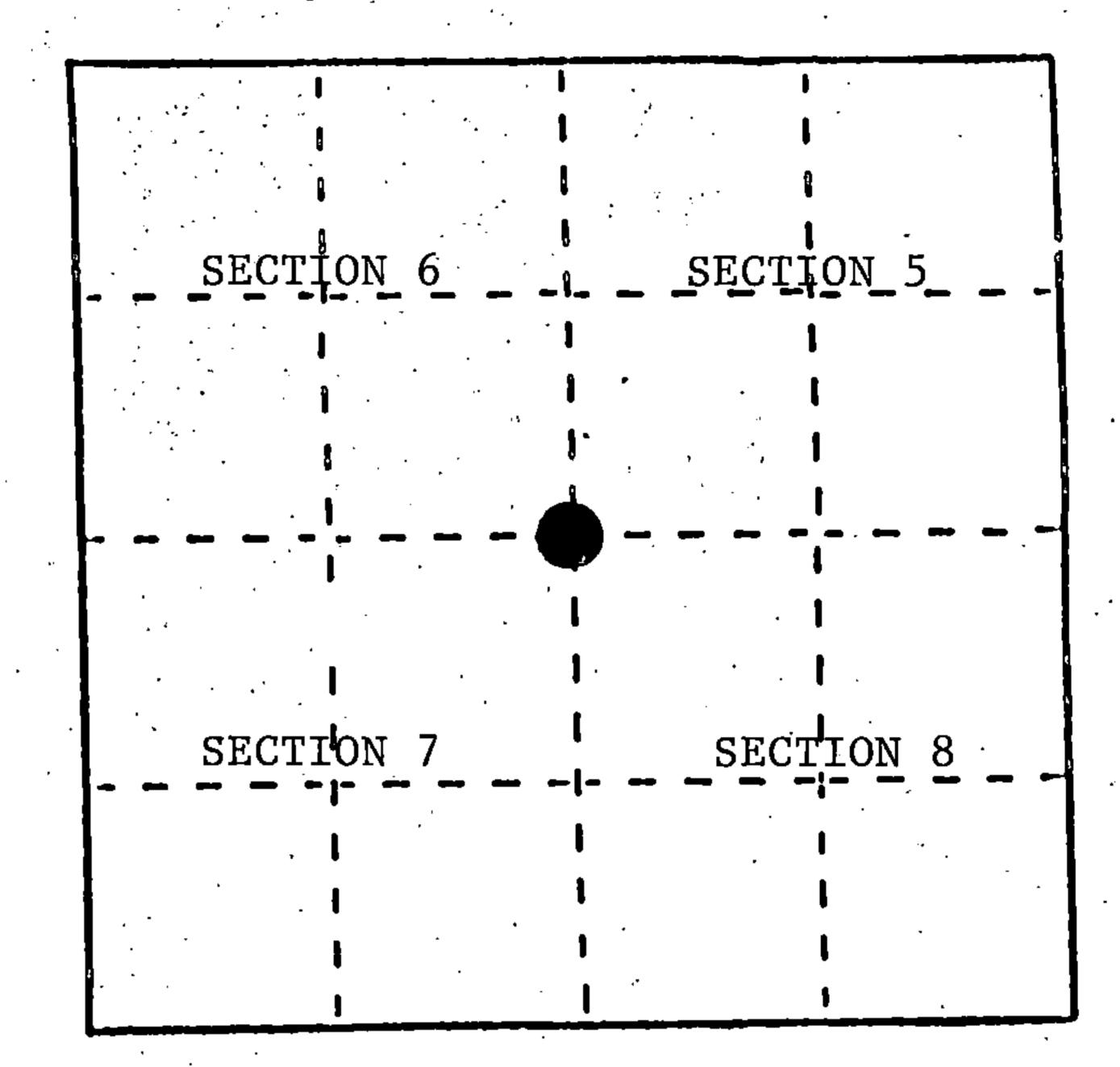
REGISTER'S OFFICE
Forest County, Wis.

Received for record this orday
of Alph. A.D., 1979 at

10:25 o clock A.M. and recorded
In VolCorner Restorations

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Register of Deeds



(b) Describe any record evidence, monument evidence, occupational evidence, testimonial evidence or any other material evidence you considered, and whether the monument was found or placed.

In 1859 James McBride established this corner and set a wood post with four BTs. As road construction has destroyed all evidence of the original corner, the BTs are no longer here.

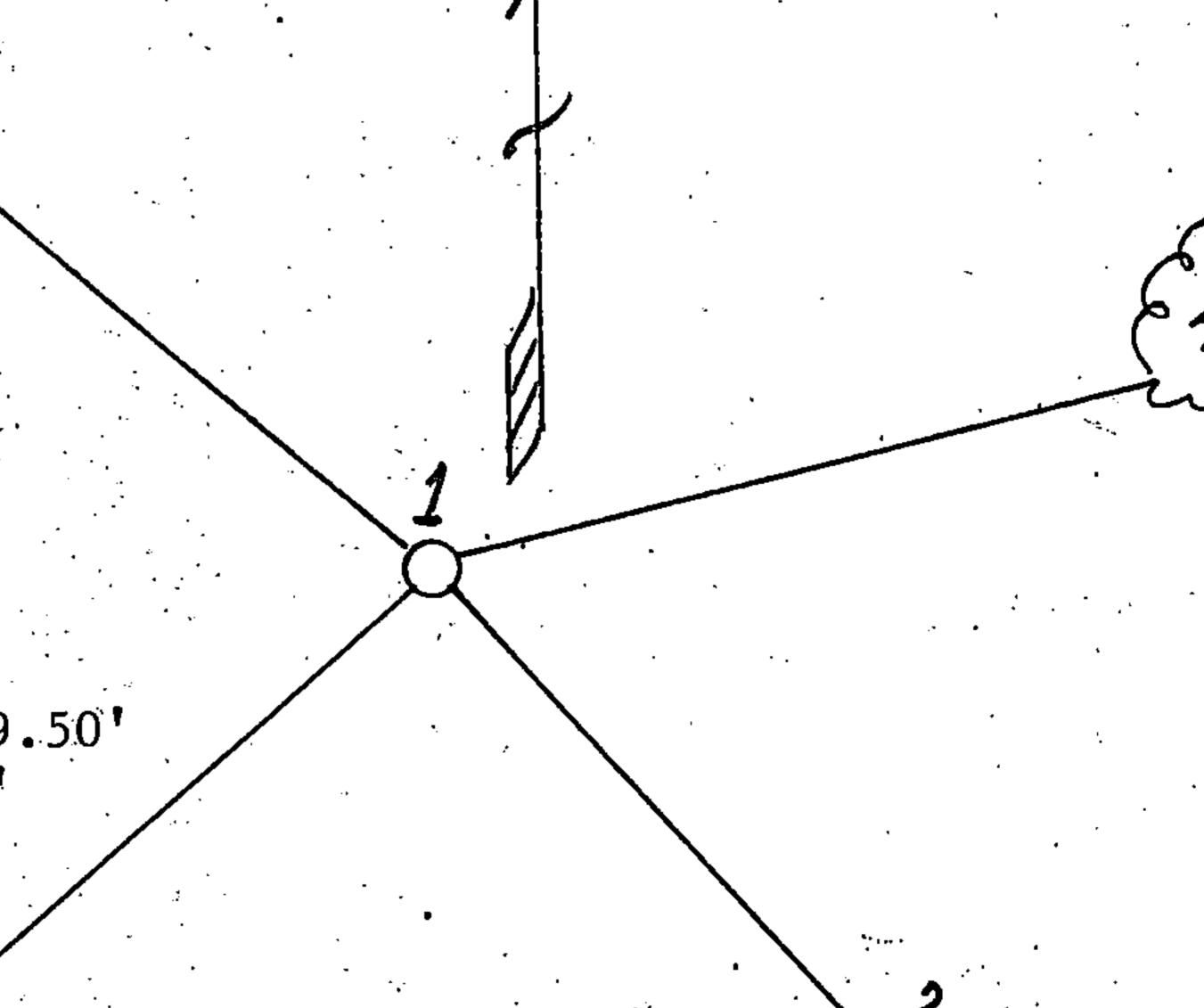
An iron pipe 1" x 24" marks the accepted Section Corner position. It lies at the intersection of roads, in all four directions. This iron pipe was witnessed by two Forest Service references in 1965 when Jean Resvick worked Section 6. This same pipe was used by Thomas Arnott and John Fisher when Section 5 was subdivided in 1982.

6/28/89 I replaced the 1" x 24" iron pipe with a 2 1/2" x 36" aluminum monument. As Resvick's W.C. to the southeast was badly damaged, we also replaced it with a 1" x 36" drive type aluminum monument. We stamped both tablets, placed steel sign post at the W.C. and made two additional references.

(c) In the plan view drawing below, provide reference ties to at least 4 witness monuments, or, if the location is within a municipality, to at least 2 witness monuments. (Witness monuments shall be made of concrete, natural stone, iron or other equally durable material.)

\*\*Describe witness monuments.\*\*

- (d) Show a plan view drawing depicting the relevant monuments and reference ties which is sufficient in detail to enable accurate relocation of the corner monument if the corner monument is disturbed. Indicate north.
  - 1) 2 1/2" x 36" aluminum monument 2" below road surface.
  - 2) 1" x 36" aluminum monument in mound of stone, SE, 49.90'
  - 3) 6" x 60" concrete monument, SW, 38.00'
  - 4) 18" White Spruce, N83°E, 127.00'
  - 5) SE corner of cabin foundation, N55°W, 119.50'
  - 6) Steel sign post, SE of RM to the SE, .77



(e) Describe any material discrepancy between the location of the corner as restored or reestablished and the location of that corner as previously restored or reestablished by distance and direction. Show the discrepancy on the plan view drawing under (d), above. Show the distances between the corner as previously restored or reestablished and (1) the corner as restored or reestablished, and (2) to at least 2 of the vitness monuments shown on the drawing in (d), above.

None

(f) was the corner restored through acceptance of (1) an obliterated evidence location, or, (2) a found perpetuated, location?

A perpetuated location.

(g&h) was the corner reestablished through lost corner proportionate methods? If so, show the method, including the directions and distances to other public land survey corners used as evidence or used for proportioning in determining the corner location?

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MILO ESTEFAN
S-1558
RHINELANDER,
WIS.

Milo E. Stefan

(1)

lippe or print name) cortify that the corner location shown on this record was determined by me or under my direction and control and that this U.S. Public Land Survey Monument Record is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Milo C. Stefan Signature

July 7, 1989

Date

CERTIFICATE READY FOR FILING:

District Ranger