

Register

DOCUMENT NUMBER 129876

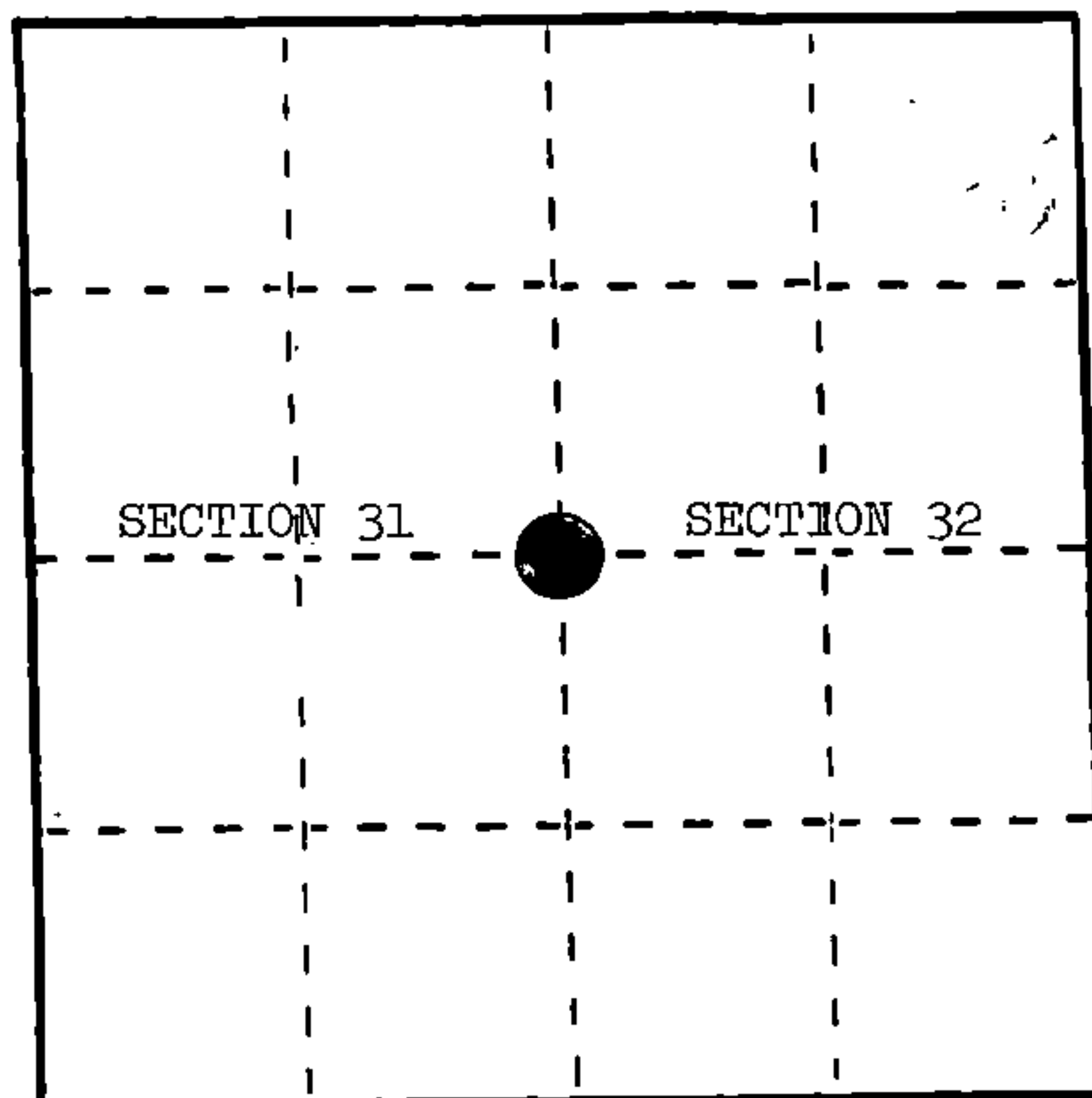
U. S. PUBLIC LAND SURVEY MONUMENT RECORD

INSTRUCTIONS: This record shall show the location of the corner and shall include all of the following nine elements (a through i).

- (a) Identify the corner by reference to the U.S. public land survey system.

○ = Corner monument restored.

Quarter Corner to Sections 31 and 32, T.35N., R.16E.



REGISTER'S OFFICE }
Forest County, Wis. }
Received for record this 17th day
of March A.D., 1986 at
10:40 o'clock A.M. and recorded
in Vol. CORNER RESTORATIONS
page X-5
Paul Aschewanner
Register of Deeds

- (b) Describe any record evidence, monument evidence, occupational evidence, testimonial evidence or any other material evidence you considered, and whether the monument was found or placed.

In 1858, James McBride set wood post with the following BTs: Cedar, 12", N.30°E., 15 links; Cedar, 12", S.45°W., 27 links.

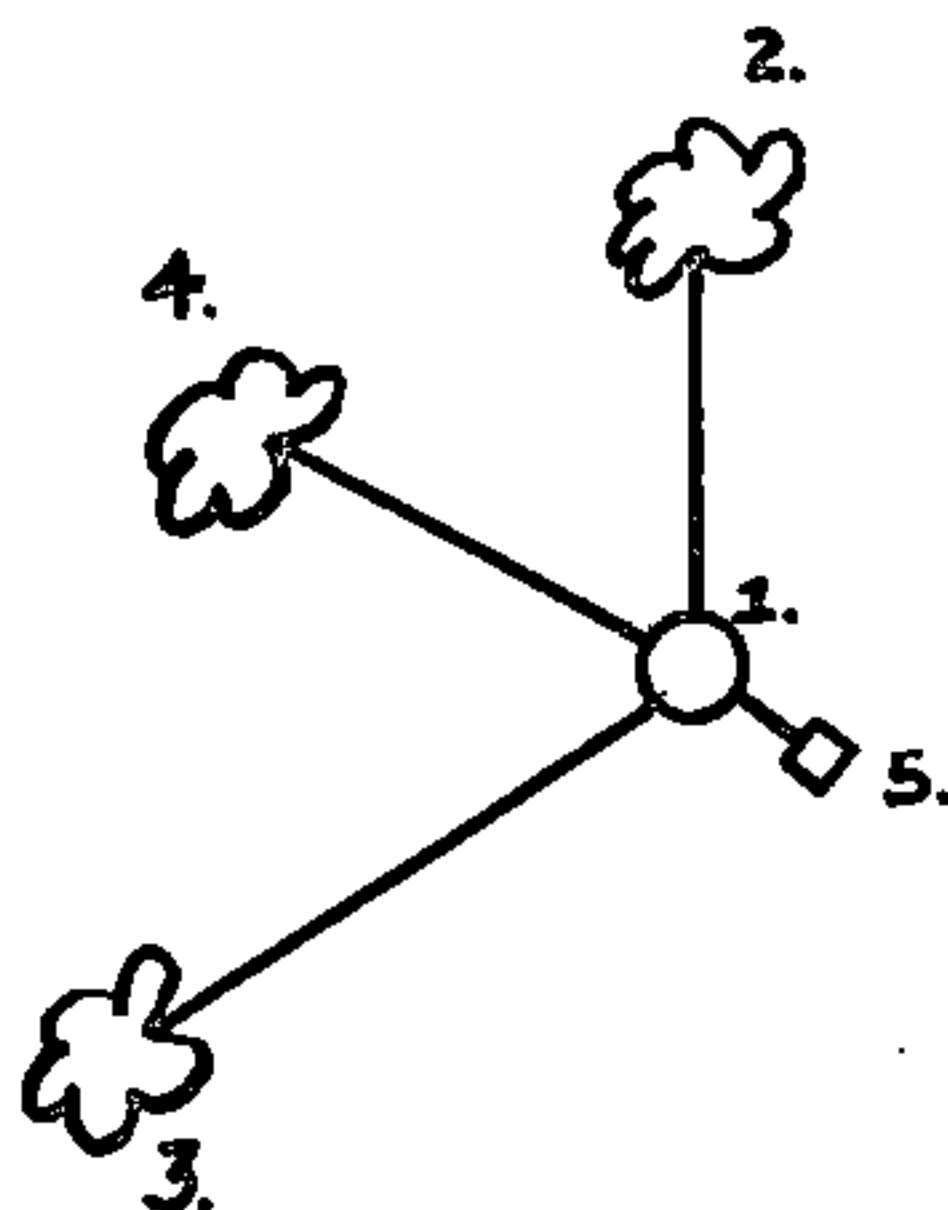
February 21, 1935, R. Dangremond found scribed wood post in good condition. Put tag on Yellow Birch, 11", S.45°E., 10.56 feet from corner.

August 13, 1985, Harrison, Neider, and Reichelt found Yellow Birch stub with tag, and at N.45°W., 10.56 feet found scribed post. From post at S.45°W., 17.82 feet, found 12" Cedar stump.

- (c) In the plan view drawing below, provide reference ties to at least 4 witness monuments, or, if the location is within a municipality, to at least 2 witness monuments. (Witness monuments shall be made of concrete, natural stone, iron or other equally durable material.)
Describe witness monuments.

- (d) Show a plan view drawing depicting the relevant monuments and reference ties which is sufficient in detail to enable accurate relocation of the corner monument if the corner monument is disturbed. Indicate north.

1. 2" x 60" aluminum monument stamped to identify the corner.
2. B. Ash, 5", North, 17.07 feet
3. Cedar, 6", S.63°W., 17.40 feet
4. B. Ash, 6", N.45°W., 23.71 feet
5. Steel Sign Post, Southeast, 1.2 feet



(e) Describe any material discrepancy between the location of the corner as restored or reestablished and the location of that corner as previously restored or reestablished by distance and direction. Show the discrepancy on the plan view drawing under (d), above. Show the distances between the corner as previously restored or reestablished and (1) the corner as restored or reestablished, and (2) to at least 2 of the witness monuments shown on the drawing in (d), above.

None.

(f) Was the corner restored through acceptance of (1) an obliterated evidence location, or, (2) a found perpetuated location?

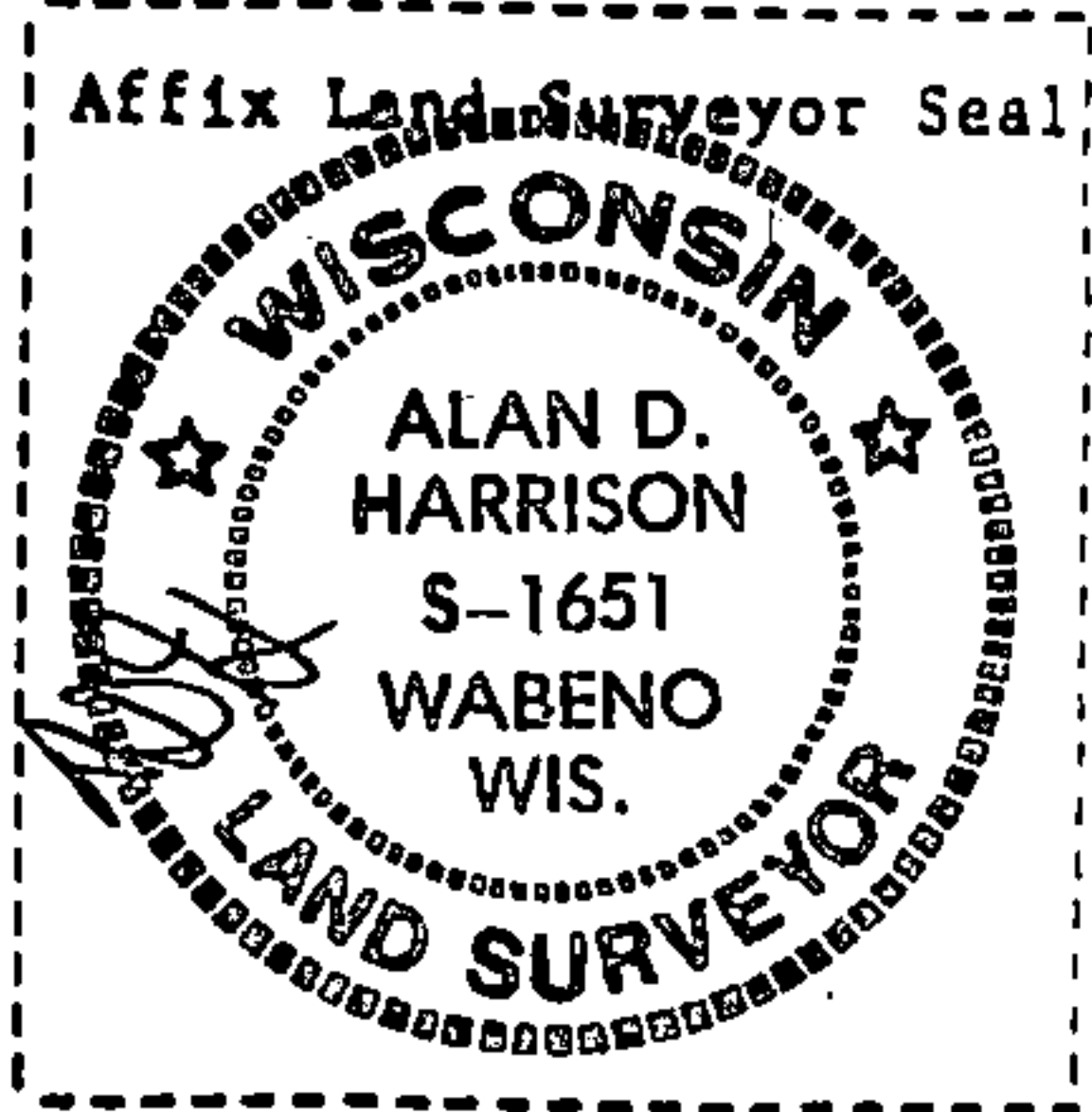
(2) a found perpetuated location.

(g&h) Was the corner reestablished through lost corner proportionate methods? If so, show the method, including the directions and distances to other public land survey corners used as evidence or used for proportioning in determining the corner location?

No.

(i) I, Alan D. Harrison
(Type or print name) certify that the corner location shown on this record was determined by me or under my direction and control and that this U.S. Public Land Survey Monument Record is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Alan D. Harrison 1/3/86
Signature Date



U. S. PUBLIC LAND SURVEY MONUMENT RECORD

INSTRUCTIONS:

This record shall show the location of the corner and shall include all of the following nine elements (a through i).

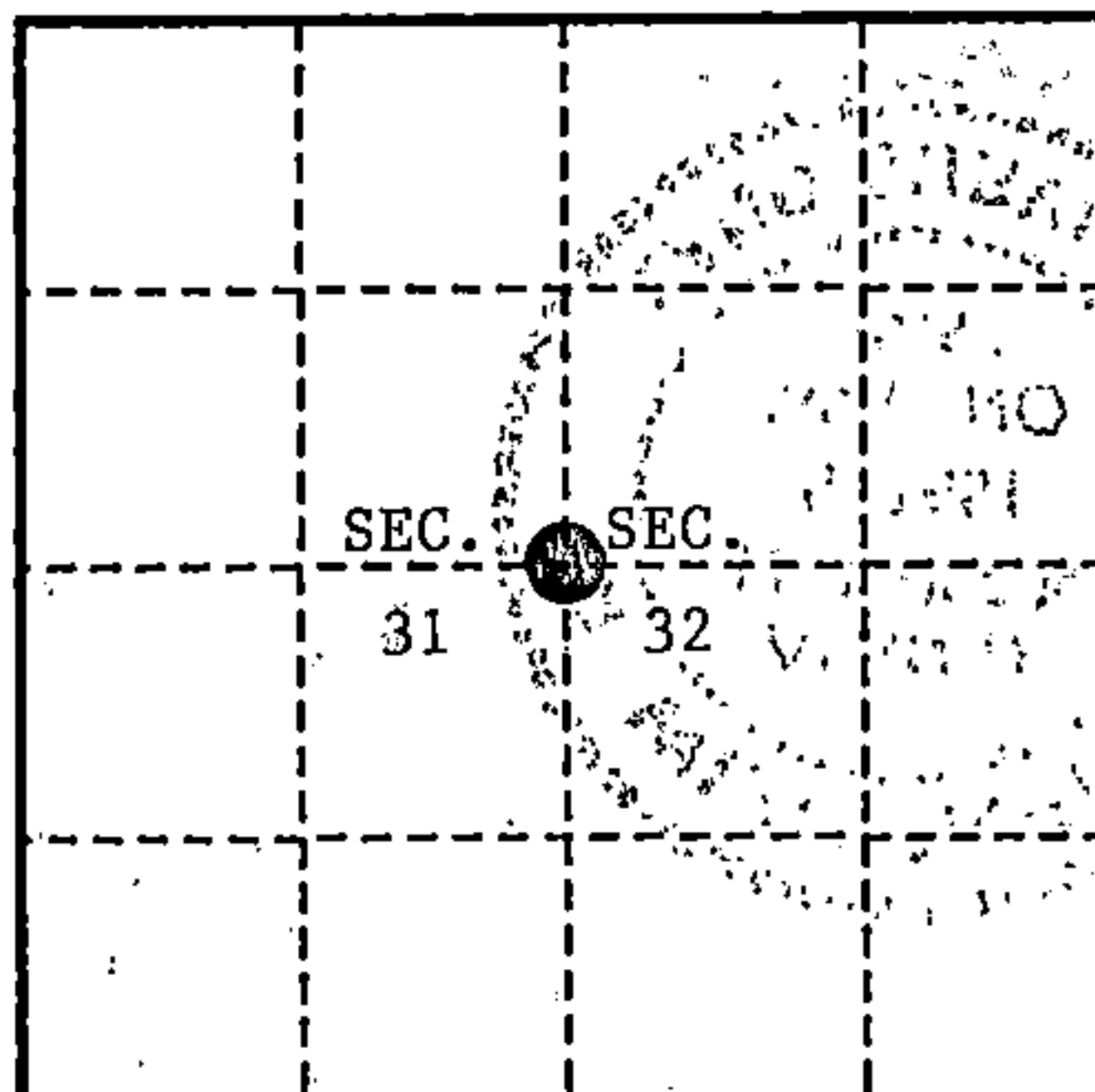
- (a) Identify the corner by reference to the U.S. public land survey system.

○ = Corner monument restored.

Quarter Corner between Sections 31 and 32,
T.35N. R.16E., Forest County, Wisconsin

State Plane Coordinates, Wisconsin North Zone
N- 114276.57715
E-2346087.43976

Geographic Coordinates
N-45-28-13.66772
W-88-31-41.51402



- (b) Describe any record evidence, monument evidence, occupational evidence, testimonial evidence or any other material evidence you considered, and whether the monument was found or placed.

Original Survey in 1858 by James McBride. Set wood post and the following bearing trees;
Cedar, 12", N.30°E., 15 lks., Cedar, 12", S.45°W., 27 lks.

In 1935, R. Dangremond found a scribed wood post. He placed a location poster on a 11" Yellow Birch which bears S.45°E., 10.56 feet from the corner post.

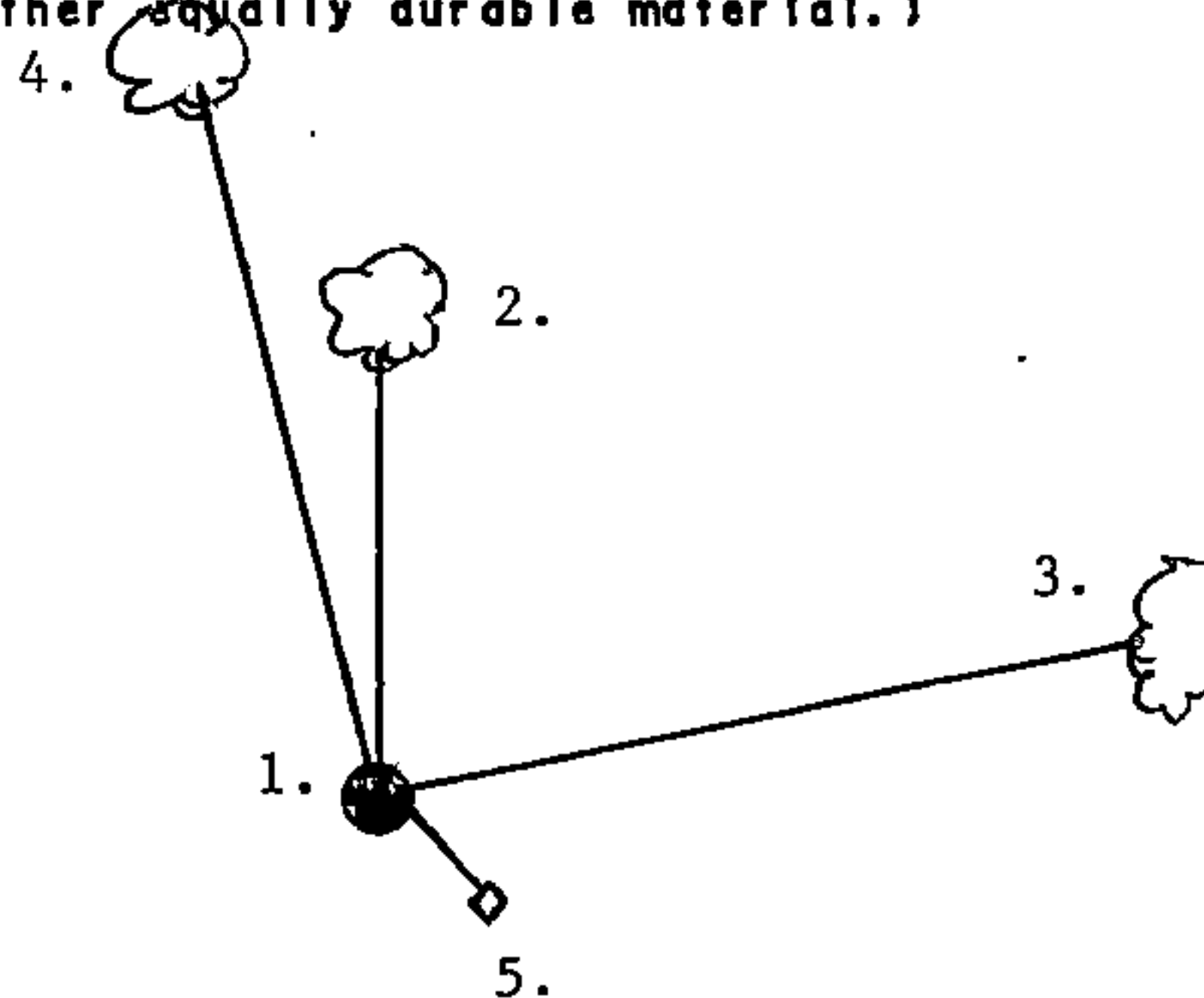
In 1985, Alan Harrison, RLS with the Forest Service, found the Yellow Birch with location poster as described above. Also found the original Cedar bearing tree stump S.45°W., 17.82 feet from post. In place of post, set a 2"x60" aluminum monument with an aluminum cap stamped to identify the corner. Made the following bearing trees;
Black Ash, 5", North, 17.07 feet, Cedar, 6", S.63°W., 17.40 feet, Black Ash, 6", N.45°W., 23.71 feet, Steel Sign Post, Southeast, 1.2 feet.

In 1995, Alan Harrison, RLS with the Forest Service, cut down the NW and SW bearing trees for GPS observations. Made 2 new bearing trees as listed below.

- (c) In the plan view drawing below, provide reference ties to at least 4 witness monuments, or, if the location is within a municipality, to at least 2 witness monuments. (witness monuments shall be made of concrete, natural stone, iron or other equally durable material.)

- (d) Show a plan view drawing depicting the relevant monuments and reference ties which is sufficient in detail to enable accurate relocation of the corner monument if the corner monument is disturbed. Indicate north.

1. 2"x60" aluminum monument with aluminum cap stamped to identify corner
2. Black Ash, 5", North, 17.07 feet
3. Black Ash, 5", N.85°E., 30.40 feet(New)
4. Black Ash, 8", N.24°W., 32.79 feet(New)
5. Steel Sign Post, 1.2 ft. Southeast of monument



(e) Describe any material discrepancy between the location of the corner as restored or reestablished and the location of that corner as previously restored or reestablished by distance and direction. Show the discrepancy on the plan view drawing under (d), above. Show the distances between the corner as previously restored or reestablished and (1) the corner as restored or reestablished, and (2) to at least 2 of the witness monuments shown on the drawing in (d), above.

None

(f) Was the corner restored through acceptance of (1) an obliterated evidence location, or, (2) a found perpetuated location?

(2)

(g & h) Was the corner reestablished through lost corner proportionate methods? If so, show the method, including the directions and distances to other public land survey corners used as evidence or used for proportioning in determining the corner location?

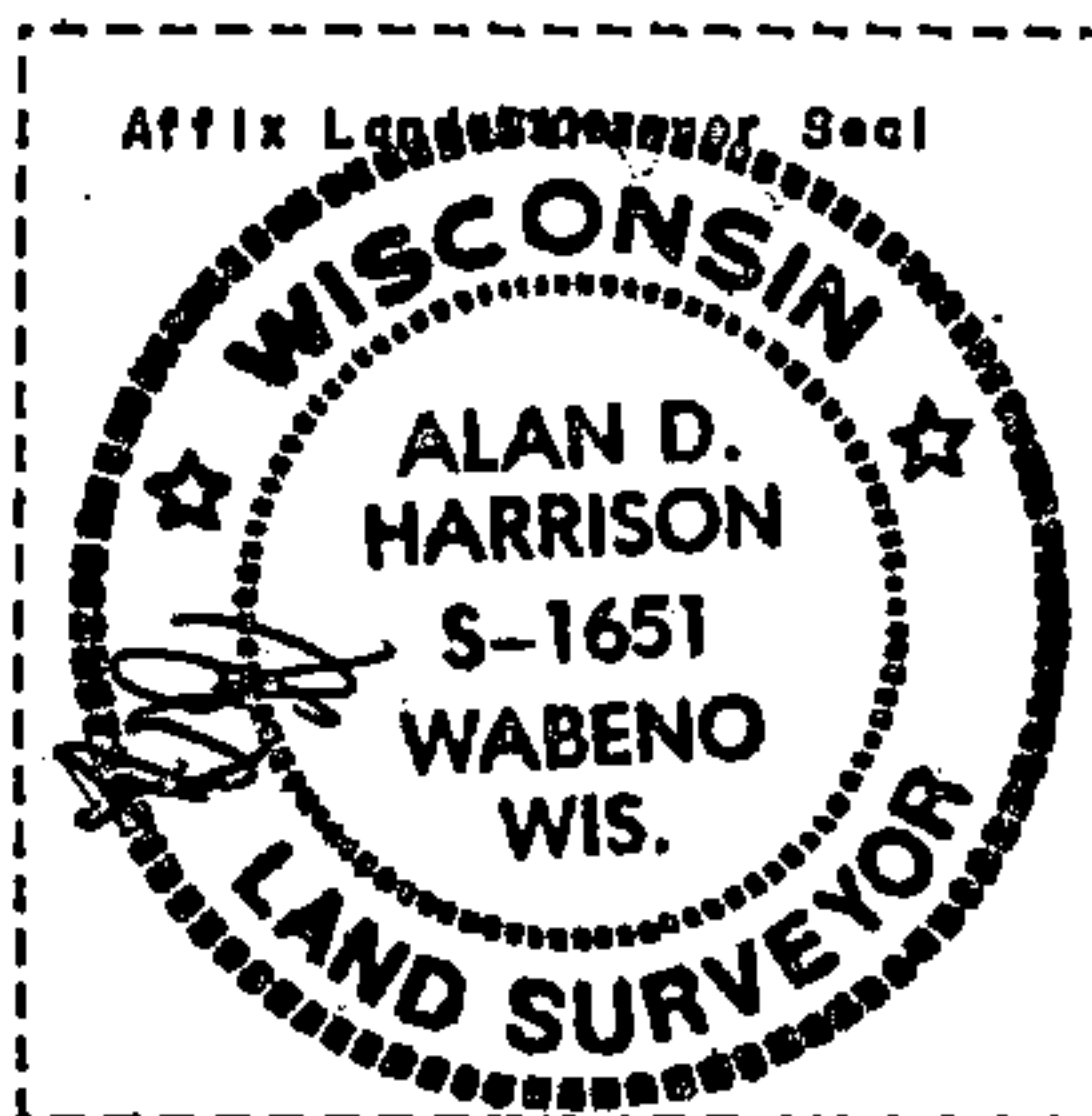
NO

REGISTER'S OFFICE
Forest County, Wis.

Received for record this 30th day
of March, A.D., 1995 at
1:30 o'clock P.M. and recorded
in Vol. Corr. Restoration
page 35-1/2, 1-5

Alan D. Harrison
Register of Deeds

Affix Land Surveyor Seal



(1) I, Alan D. Harrison

(type or print name) certify that the corner location shown on this record was determined by me or under my direction and control and that this U.S. Public Land Survey Monument Record is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Alan D. Harrison

Signature

11/28/95

Date

CERTIFICATE READY FOR FILING:

Terry Shecker

District Ranger